

NOTES ABOUT LIGHT QUALITY METRICS DATA:

- Values shown are TYPICAL actual performance of individual units may vary
- The data presented has been generated in accordance with LM-79-08
- Spectral and color rendering data is applicable to all luminaire sizes, models, and flux levels of FABRILum including:
 - Spectral Power Distribution (SPD)
 - Nominal CCT
 - Chromaticity
 - R_f and R_g (TM-30-15)
 - CRI (R_a) and R-values
 - D_{uv}

SELECTED DEFINITIONS

- Candlepower: As presented in this document it is the same as "candela" the SI unit of measurement for light intensity.
- CRI (R_a): The general Color Rendering Index based on 8 CIE reference pastel color samples.
- D_{uv}: The American National Standards Institute (ANSI) references D_{uv}, a metric based on the CIE 1976 color space that quantifies the distance between the chromaticity of a given light source and a blackbody radiator of equal CCT. A negative D_{uv} indicates that the source is "below" the Planckian locus (blackbody curve), potentially having a red/ blue tint, whereas a positive D_{uv} indicates that the source is "above" the curve, potentially exhibiting a green tint.
- Nominal CCT Quadrangles: ANSI has defined acceptable chromaticity quadrangles for LED binning in relation to the blackbody curve within CIE color space. The data presented shows the typical chromaticity coordinate within the relevant quadrangle.
- R-value (R): The R-value is a mathematical calculation measuring how similar a light source renders a particular color compared to a reference blackbody source of the same CCT. R-values are not absolute and therefore cannot be used as a specific measurement of color rendering. For example, a 2700K source may have a lower R9 value than a 5700K source, however, in absolute terms the 2700K source will render saturated red much better than the 5700K source because of the relative abundance of red in the spectral power distribution (SPD) for the 2700K source in comparison.
- R1-R15: The data presented include the special CRI set of CIE 14 samples and the Japanese Industrial Standard (JIS) for R15.
- R_r: The IESNA TM-30-15 technical memorandum for measuring color rendering defines a "fidelity" index, R_p that is similar to CRI and quantifies the average difference in appearance between the test source and a reference source based on 99 reference colors.
- R_g: The IESNA TM-30-15 technical memorandum for measuring color rendering defines a "gamut" index, R_g, that quantifies the average difference in color saturation between the test source and a reference source based on 99 reference colors.



COOLEDGE LIGHT QUALITY METRICS: FABRILUM 3500K (EMEA)

DATA SHOWN IS BASED ON A 4' X 6' (1200MM X 1800MM) TEST LUMINAIRE

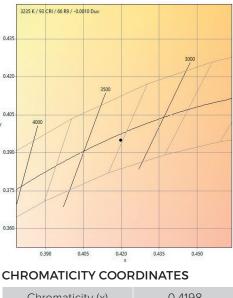
LIGHTING PROPERTIES: TYPICAL PERFORMANCE

TEST CONDITIONS

Temp (°C)	AC Voltage (V)	AC Current (A)	Input Power (W)
23.0	120	1.64	197

COLOR RENDERING INDEX DETAILS

Refernce	Value	
R1	94	
R2	98	
R3	98	
R4	92	
R5	93	
R6	95	
R7	92	
R8	84	
R9	66	
R10	93	
R11	93	
R12	75	
R13	96	
R14	99	
R15	91	



NOMINAL CCT QUADRANGLES

Chromaticity (x)	0.4198
Chromaticity (y)	0.3950
Chromaticity (u)	0.2434
Chromaticity (v)	0.3435
Chromaticity (u')	0.2434
Chromaticity (v')	0.5152
Duv	-0.0010

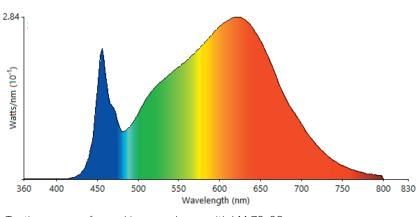
SUMMARY OF RESULTS

Total Lumen Output	15050 Lumens	
Luminaire Efficacy	76.4 lm/W	
Maximum Candela	5606 Candela	
CCT	3235 K	
CRI	93	
R9	66	
TM-30 R _f	90	
TM-30 R _a	98	

INTENSITY (CANDLEPOWER) SUMMARY

Angle	Mean CP	Lumens	
0	100%	10.0%	
5	99%	100%	
10	98%	98%	
15	95%		
20	91%	92%	
25	88%		
30	30%	81%	
35	78%		
40	71%	65%	
45	63%		
50	55%	47%	
55	47%		
60	39%	29%	
65	31%		
70	23%	13%	
75	16%		
80	9%	4%	
85	3%		
90	0%		

SPECTRAL POWER DISTRIBUTION (SPD)



Testing was performed in accordance with LM-79-08.

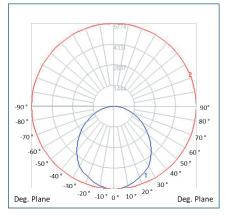
 Cooledge Lighting Inc.
 O
 +1 6

 110-13551 Commerce Parkway
 F
 +1 6

 Richmond, BC V6V 2L1 Canada
 T
 +1 8

O +16042732665 F +16042732660 T +18444554448 W cooledgelighting.com Cooledge Lighting reserves the right to change materials or modify the design of its product without notification as part of the company's continuing product improvement program.

POLAR GRAPH



COOLEDGE[™] Light as a building material